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10/587,608	07/27/2006	Francesco Pessolano	NL04 0078 US1	9958
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SAN JOSE, CA 95131			2611	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/587,608	PESSOLANO, FRANCESCO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	SUDHANSHU C. PATHAK	2611			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27.5</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examination of the drawing(s) filed on 27 July 2006 is/are: a	awn from consideration. or election requirement. er.	ov the Examiner			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 07/27/2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-18 are pending in the application.

Response to Amendment

2. The Office Action below is based on the claims as recited in Preliminary amendment dated 07/27/2006.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
 - (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- Claims 1-2, 9, 14, 16-17 (device) & 15, 18 (method) are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Liu et al. (6,219,797).

In regards to Claims 1, 9, 14-18, Liu discloses an electronic device (method) for generating a clock signal for an integrated circuit (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig.' 1A-C & Fig. 5 & Column 1, lines 15-22, 35-64 & Column 14, lines 47-67 & Column 15, lines 1-18 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 30-to-Column 20, lines 1-55), the device comprising: at least two clock generation elements arranged and configured to generate a single clock signal at a clock output in response to an input signal and to operate in a mutually exclusive manner, the outputs of said clock generation elements being selectively connectable to said clock output the device (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1, lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19,

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lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55) further comprising: means for receiving a data pattern representative of a sequence of frequencies at which said clock signal is required to be generated (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1, lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55) (Interpretation: The reference discloses a plurality of bits (patterns) so as to select different frequency signals and the selection of a certain bit (pattern) selects a certain frequency clock); means for receiving data representative of the next frequency in said sequence (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1, lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55); means for causing a clock generation element other than the clock generation element generating the clock signal at the immediately previous frequency in said sequence to generate a clock signal at said next frequency (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1, lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55); means for causing the clock signal at the immediately previous frequency in said sequence to be disconnected from said clock output (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1,

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lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55); and means for causing the clock signal at the next frequency in said sequence to be connected to said clock output (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1, lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55); characterized in that the clock generation element being caused to generate a clock signal at each frequency in said sequence is independent of the value of said frequency (Abstract, lines 1-3 & Fig. 3 & Fig. 5, elements 70-78, "Mux" & Column 1, lines 35-65 & Column 14, lines 46-67 & Column 15, lines 1-19 & Column 16, lines 47-60 & Column 19, lines 15-67 & Column 20, lines 1-67 & Column 21, lines 1-65 & Column 22, lines 18-67 & Column 23, lines 1-55).

In regards to Claim 2, Liu discloses an electronic device for generating a clock signal for an integrated circuit as described above. Liu further discloses the clock signal at the immediately previous frequency in said sequence is caused to be disconnected from said clock output prior to connection of the clock signal at the next frequency in the sequence to said clock output (Column 14, lines 47-51 & Column 19, lines 49-56).

In regards to Claim 3, Liu discloses an electronic device for generating a clock signal for an integrated circuit as described above. Liu further discloses generation

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of the clock signal at said next frequency in said sequence is commenced prior to disconnection of the clock signal at the immediately previous frequency in the sequence from the clock output (Column 14, lines 54-60 & Column 19, lines 60-67).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 4-8, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Liu et al. (6,219,797).

In regards to Claims 4-8, 13, Liu discloses an electronic device for generating a clock signal for an integrated circuit as described above. However, Liu does not explicitly disclose wherein (dis)connection of the clock signal at the next frequency in said sequence to said clock output is caused to occur when said clock signal is low. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that there is no criticality in performing the (dis)connection to the another frequency clock signal when said clock signal is low this is a matter of design choice depending on seamless (without) jitter from one clock signal to another. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that there is no criticality in implementing the clock generation elements as programmable ring oscillators this is a matter of design choice so as to generate an accurate programmable clock signals so as to perform

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signal frequency changing based on the user. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that a ring oscillator includes variable delay elements to vary the frequency of the output signal. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that a controller is implemented so as to select between the clocks.

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7. Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Liu et al. (6,219,797) in view of Applicant Admitted Prior Art (AAPA).

In regards to Claims 10-12, Liu discloses an electronic device for generating a clock signal for an integrated circuit as described above. However, Liu does not explicitly disclose an arbiter for determining the order in which said requests are to be affected wherein further said arbiter orders said requests for action on a first-in-first-out basis.

The AAPA discloses a method for generating a clock signal from multiple clock sources (Specification, Page 4, lines 20-33) comprising an arbiter for determining the order in which said requests are to be affected wherein further said arbiter orders said requests for action on a first-in-first-out basis (Specification, Page 6, lines 9-15). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that AAPA teaches an arbiter for determining the order in which said requests are to be affected wherein further said arbiter orders said requests for action on a first-in-first-out basis and this is implemented in the method as described in Liu so as to implement multiple requests for change in frequency of clock simultaneously. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in

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the art at the time of the invention that there is no criticality in selecting requests that are received at substantially the same time, the arbiter is arranged to randomly select the order in which action is taken on these two requests this is a matter of design choice so as to be able to avoid losing any of the requests.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SUDHANSHU C. PATHAK whose telephone number is (571)272-5509. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am-5pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh M. Fan can be reached on 571-272-3042.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Sudhanshu C Pathak/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2611